







Total and dissolved metal/metalloid concentrations in water of the Krka River, its tributaries and nearby wastewaters



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Locations:

✓1 Tributary Krčić – TKR
✓2 Krka River source – KRS
✓3 Kosovčica River - TKO
✓4 Orašnica River – TOR
✓5 Industrial wastewaters - IWW
✓6 Town of Knin – KRK
✓7 Butišnica River – TBU

✓8 Brljan Lake – KBL





Samplings:

- ✓ Winter
- ✓ Spring
- ✓ Summer
- ✓ Autumn



Procedure:



At the anthropogenically affected sites, the highest increase in all seasons was observed for Co, Fe, Mn, Ni and Zn, metals used in industry - confirmed potential impact of IWW to the Krka River and its tributaries



winter spring summer autumn







	Mn	Fe	Со	Ni	Zn
IWW/TOR					
winter	19,77	9,55	70,42	15,01	9,57
spring	1,04	0,89	0,51	6,53	
summer	4,45	1,44	13,73	9,86	0,93
autumn	4,01	0,32	10,56	11,27	44,83
IWW/KRK					
winter	26,40	1,54	61,33	10,95	58,61
spring	13,23	7,26	17,89	36,45	
summer	0,97	1,89	29,54	5,73	5,24
autumn	13,39	4,72	106,83	43,31	333,30
IWW/TKO					
winter	19,71	1,74	65,56	10,02	162,21
spring	2,39	3,93	4,49	11,19	
summer	6,02	14,99	160,71	14,59	31,61
autumn	36,62	12,82	86,32	20,73	635,35
IWW/KRS					
winter	13654,48	1039,41	897,71	100,25	162,21
spring	5001,21	738,01	90,41	75,71	
summer	835,00	670,12	730,49	63,33	31,61
autumn	3079,68	20,33	371,57	79,82	605,33
TOR/KRK					
winter	1,34	0,16	0,87	0,73	6,12
spring	12,75	8,13	35,21	5,58	16,60
summer	0,22	1,31	2,15	0,58	5,61
autumn	3,34	14,53	10,11	3,84	7,43
TOR/KRS					
winter	690,66	108,87	12,75	6,68	16,95
spring	4820,07	826,51	177,92	11,60	16,60
summer	187,69	465,63	53,21	6,42	33,84
autumn	768,39	62,59	35,17	7,08	13,50
KRK/KRS					
winter	517,17	675,57	14,64	9,15	2,77
spring	378,15	101,67	5,05	2,08	
summer	862,81	355,21	24,73	11,05	6,03
autumn	229,96	4,31	3,48	1,84	1,82

- IWW which sometimes spill to TOR have up to 70 times higher levels of some metals – the highest increase observed in Fe, Mn and Zn
- IWW have up to 13500 times higher levels of Mn, 1000 times higher levels of Fe, 900 times higher levels of Co, 600 times higher levels of Zn and 100 times higher levels of Ni compared to KRS.
- TOR represents the most serious threat to Krka River watercourse directly

- Increase of Al, As, Ba, K, Mo, Sb, Sr and U was also evident at IWW, KRK and TOR compared to KRS and TKR
- Except in IWW, Ag, Sn, Pb, Hg, Bi, Ti were mostly < LOD</p>
- > Total and dissolved concentrations showed comparable variations
- > Seasonal patterns were not clear and the same in all locations

IWW>TOR>KRK≥TKO>TBU>KBL>TKR ≥ KRS



Conclusions:

At the affected sites, the highest increase compared to KRS and TKR was observed for Fe, Mn, Ni, Co and Zn (metals used in industry)

> ➤ Tributary Orašnica (near IWW) was shown as the biggest direct threat to the pollution of Krka River → IWW basins sometimes spill to Orašnica at high water levels

Presented results indicated the influence of direct pollution sources (municipal and industrial wastewaters)

Increase in metal concentrations in all sites located downstream of the wastewater discharges and ecological disturbances of physico-chemical parameters indicate potential danger for this sensitive karst ecosystem => proper purification of the wastewaters and implementation of regular water quality monitoring strategies of the Krka River are required



All members of the project Integrated evaluation of aquatic organism responses to metal exposure: gene expression, bioavailability, toxicity and biomarker responses (BIOTOXMET)